# **Assessment of Chemical Exposures** (ACE) Program

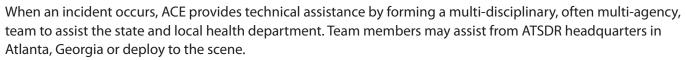
## When chemical releases happen suddenly, ATSDR can provide local authorities with valuable help through the ACE program.

#### What resources does ACE provide?

ACE provides training on how to perform an epidemiologic assessment after a chemical incident. The ACE Toolkit is a helpful d/#agdUWfa See[ef 'aUS^SgfZac[f[We[ d/#ba` V[ Y fa or preparing for a chemical release.

The toolkit contains materials that can quickly be modified to meet the needs of a local team performing an epidemiologic assessment, including:

- Surveys
- Consent forms
- · Medical chart abstraction form
- Interviewer training manual
- Epi Info™7 databases to enter and analyze the data



Other support the ACE team can provide is:

- GIS mapping and assistance with sample methodologies
- Clinical testing, if appropriate
- Liaising with other federal agencies

#### What happens during an ACE investigation?

ACE talks with incident responders and hospital staff that treated patients to understand

- · what happened,
- who was exposed,
- · steps taken to protect public health, such as an evacuation or shelter-in-place order,
- · communication during the response, and
- lessons learned during the response.

ACE also interviews people who may have been exposed to collect detailed information on

- exposure history,
- symptoms experienced,
- who was exposed,
- health services used.
- · needs resulting from the exposure,
- medical history,
- · how people received information about the release, and
- health impacts on pets.

ACE typically reviews hospital medical charts to learn more details about health effects experienced as a result of the release. ACE may also assist in collecting and analyzing clinical samples if a laboratory test is available to determine exposure to the substance. If testing is done, results are sent to participants to share with their physicians.

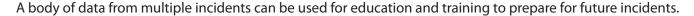




### Why do an ACE investigation?

State and local health departments can use information obtained from rapid assessments to

- assess impact of the release on individuals as well as the community,
- · direct the public health response,
- target outreach to prevent similar incidents,
- assess the need to modify emergency response procedures, and
- identify a group of exposed people that may need to be followed for long-term effects.





ACE representatives can be contacted via phone and email. A representative can help local authorities determine what assistance is needed. If an Epi-Aid—on-site field assistance—is appropriate, approval of the state epidemiologist must be secured. An ACE team can then be rapidly deployed to the field to provide assistance for up to 4 weeks. After leaving the field, the team continues working with the local authorities to analyze data and prepare reports.

A toxic substance release qualifies for an ACE deployment when two conditions are met:

- A toxic substance was released at levels that may cause acute human health effects
- People are exposed and experienced acute health effects



To request information or assistance, call the ACE program at 404-567-3256 or e-mail ATSDRACE@cdc.gov.

You can also contact the CDC Emergency Operations Center 24/7 at **770-488-7100** and ask to speak with someone from the ACE team.

ACE is part of the National Toxic Substance Incidents Program (NTSIP), a federal program at the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR).

